for the same period at more than one location or for more than one class of tax shall—

- (1) File one special tax return, ATF Form 5630.5, with payment of tax, to cover all such locations and classes of tax; and
- (2) Prepare, in duplicate, a list identified with the taxpayer's name, address (as shown on ATF Form 5630.5), employer identification number, and period covered by the return. The list shall show, by States, the name, address, and tax class of each location for which special tax is being paid. The original of the list shall be filed with ATF in accordance with instructions on the return, and the copy shall be retained at the taxpayer's principal place of business (or principal office, in the case of a corporate taxpayer) for the period specified in §19.723(c).
- (d) Signing of ATF Forms 5630.5—(1) Ordinary returns. The return of an individual proprietor shall be signed by the individual. The return of a partnership shall be signed by a general partner. The return of a corporation shall be signed by any officer. In each case, the person signing the return shall designate his or her capacity as "individual owner," "member of firm," or, in the case of a corporation, the title of the officer.
- (2) Fiduciaries. Receivers, trustees, assignees, executors, administrators, and other legal representatives who continue the business of a bankrupt, insolvent, deceased person, etc., shall indicate the fiduciary capacity in which they act.
- (3) Agent or attorney in fact. If a return is signed by an agent or attorney in fact, the signature shall be preceded by the name of the principal and followed by the title of the agent or attorney in fact. A return signed by a person as agent will not be accepted unless there is filed, with the ATF office with which the return is required to be filed, a power of attorney authorizing the agent to perform the act.
- (4) Perjury statement. ATF Forms 5630.5 shall contain or be verified by a written declaration that the return has been executed under the penalties of perjury.

(26 U.S.C. 6061, 6065, 6151, 7011)

## § 19.52 Employer identification number.

- (a) Requirement. The employer identification number (defined in 26 CFR 301.7701–12) of the taxpayer who has been assigned such a number shall be shown on each special tax return, including amended returns, filed under this subpart. Failure of the taxpayer to include the employer identification number may result in the imposition of the penalty specified in §70.113 of this chapter.
- (b) Application for employer identification number. Each taxpayer who files a special tax return, who has not already been assigned an employer identification number, shall file IRS Form SS-4 to apply for one. The taxpayer shall apply for and be assigned only one employer identification number, regardless of the number of places of business for which the taxpayer is required to file a special tax return. The employer identification number shall be applied for no later than 7 days after the filing of the taxpayer's first special tax return. IRS Form SS-4 may be obtained from the director of an IRS service center or from any IRS district director.
- (c) Preparation and filing of IRS Form SS-4. The taxpayer shall prepare and file IRS Form SS-4, together with any supplementary statement, in accordance with the instructions on the form or issued in respect to it.

(26 U.S.C. 6109)

[T.D. ATF-271, 53 FR 17541, May 17, 1988, as amended by T.D. ATF-301, 55 FR 47605, Nov. 14, 1990]

#### SPECIAL TAX STAMPS

## § 19.53 Issuance, distribution, and examination of special tax stamps.

(a) Issuance of special tax stamps. Upon filing a properly executed return on ATF Form 5630.5, together with the full remittance, the taxpayer will be issued an appropriately designated special tax stamp. If the return covers multiple locations, the taxpayer will be issued one appropriately designated stamp for each location listed on the attachment required by §19.51(c), but showing, as to name and address, only the name of the taxpayer and the address of the taxpayer's principal place of business (or

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principal office in the case of a corporate taxpayer).

- (b) Distribution of special tax stamps for multiple locations. On receipt of the special tax stamps, the taxpayer shall verify that there is one stamp for each location listed on the attachment to ATF Form 5630.5. The taxpayer shall designate one stamp for each location and shall type on each stamp the address of the business conducted at the location for which that stamp is designated. The taxpayer shall then forward each stamp to the place of business designated on the stamp.
- (c) Examination of special tax stamps. All stamps denoting payment of special tax shall be kept available for inspection by ATF officers, at the location for which designated, during business hours.

(26 U.S.C. 5146, 6806)

#### § 19.54 Changes in special tax stamps.

- (a) Change in name. If there is a change in the corporate or firm name, or in the trade name, as shown on Form 5630.5, the proprietor shall file an amended special tax return as soon as practicable after the change, covering the new corporate or firm name, or trade name. No new special tax is required to be paid. The proprietor shall attach the special tax stamp for endorsement of the change in name.
- (b) Change in proprietorship—(1) General. If there is a change in the proprietorship of a distilled spirits plant, the successor shall pay a new special tax and obtain the required special tax stamps.
- (2) Exemption for certain successors. Persons having the right of succession provided for in paragraph (c) of this section may carry on the business for the remainder of the period for which the special tax was paid, without paying a new special tax, if within 30 days after the date on which the successor begins to carry on the business, the successor files a special tax return on ATF Form 5630.5 with ATF, which shows the basis of succession. A person who is a successor to a business for which special tax has been paid and who fails to register the succession is liable for special tax computed from the first day of the calendar month in

which he or she began to carry on the business

- (c) Persons having right of succession. Under the conditions indicated in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, the right of succession will pass to certain persons in the following cases:
- (1) Death. The widowed spouse or child, or executor, administrator, or other legal representative of the taxpayer;
- (2) Succession of spouse. A husband or wife succeeding to the business of his or her spouse (living);
- (3) *Insolvency*. A receiver or trustee in bankruptcy, or an assignee for benefit of creditors:
- (4) Withdrawal from firm. The partner or partners remaining after death or withdrawal of a member.
- (d) Change in location. If there is a change in location of a taxable place of business, the proprietor shall, within 30 days after the change, file with ATF an amended special tax return covering the new location. The proprietor shall attach the special tax stamp or stamps, for endorsement of the change in location. No new special tax is required to be paid. However, if the proprietor does not file the amended return within 30 days, the proprietor is required to pay a new special tax and obtain a new special tax stamp.

(26 U.S.C. 5143, 7011)

## Subpart D—Administrative and Miscellaneous Provisions

ACTIVITIES NOT SUBJECT TO THIS PART

# § 19.57 Recovery and reuse of denatured spirits in manufacturing processes.

The following persons are not, by reason of the activities listed below, subject to the provisions of this part, but they shall comply with the provisions of part 20 of this chapter relating to the use and recovery of spirits or denatured spirits:

- (a) Manufacturers who use denatured spirits, or articles or substances containing denatured spirits, in a process wherein any part or all of the spirits, including denatured spirits, are recovered
- (b) Manufacturers who use denatured spirits in the production of chemicals